Departmental Findings of Fact and Order Air Emission License After-the-Fact

After review of the air emissions license application, staff investigation reports and other documents in the applicant's file in the Bureau of Air Quality, pursuant to 38 M.R.S.A., Section 344 and Section 590, the Department finds the following facts:

I. REGISTRATION

A. Introduction

The Air Emission License for the Hathaway Building of Waterville, Maine expired on February 16, 2004. The Hathaway Building has applied to renew their expired license permitting the operation of emission sources associated with heating their facility.

The Hathaway Building was previously licensed under the name CFH Acquisition but has requested that the name of their facility be changed at this time. The City of Waterville owns the building.

B. Emission Equipment

The following equipment is addressed in this air emission license:

Fuel Burning Equipment

Equipment	Maximum Capacity (MMBtu/hr)	Maximum Firing Rate (gal/hr)	Fuel Type, <u>% sulfur</u>	Mfg. <u>Date</u>
Boiler #1	13.5	90	#6, 0.5%	1956
Boiler #2	13.5	90	#6, 0.5%	1956
Boiler #3	1.7	11.4	#6, 0.5%	1956

C. Application Classification

The previous air emission license for the Hathaway Building expired on February 16, 2004. A complete application was not submitted on time, therefore the Hathaway Building is considered to be an existing source applying for an after-the-fact renewal. The Department has determined the facility is a minor source and the application has been processed through Chapter 115 of the Department's regulations.

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II. BEST PRACTICAL TREATMENT (BPT)

A. Introduction

In order to receive a license the applicant must control emissions from each unit to a level considered by the Department to represent Best Practical Treatment (BPT), as defined in Chapter 100 of the Department regulations. Separate control requirement categories exist for new and existing equipment as well as for those sources located in designated non-attainment areas. BPT for an after-the-fact renewal requires an analysis similar to a Best Available Control Technology analysis per Chapter 115 of the Department's regulations.

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B. Boilers #1, #2 and #3

The Hathaway Building operates three boilers for heating purposes. Boilers #1 and #2 are each rated at 13.5 MMBtu/hr maximum heat input. Boiler #3 has a maximum heat input of 1.7 MMBtu/hr. All three of the boilers were manufactured in 1956 and fire #6 fuel with a maximum sulfur content not to exceed 0.5% by weight. Boilers #1, #2 and #3 are not subject to the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) Subpart Dc for steam generating units greater than 10 MMBtu/hr manufactured after June 9, 1989.

A summary of the BPT analysis for Boilers #1, #2 and #3 is the following:

- 1. The total fuel use for the facility shall not exceed 150,000 gal/year of #6 fuel oil, based on a 12-month rolling total, with a maximum sulfur content not to exceed 0.5% by weight.
- 2. Chapter 106 regulates fuel sulfur content, however in this case a BPT analysis for SO₂ determined a more stringent limit of 0.5% was appropriate and shall be used.
- 3. Chapter 103 regulates PM emission limits for boilers greater than 3 MMBtu/hr. PM emission limits for Boiler #3 and the PM₁₀ limits for all three boilers are derived from the PM limits from Chapter 103.
- 4. NOx emission limits are based on data from similar #6-fired boilers of this size and age.
- 5. CO and VOC emission limits are based upon AP-42 data dated 9/98.
- 6. Visible emissions from each of the boilers shall not exceed 30% opacity on a 6-minute block average basis, except for no more than two 6-minute block averages in a 3-hour period.

C. Annual Emissions

Annual facility emissions are calculated based on the following:

• The combustion of 150,000 gallons/year of #6 fuel oil, on a 12-month rolling total basis and with a sulfur content not to exceed 0.5% by weight.

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Total Licensed Annual Emission for the Facility Tons/year

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(used to calculate the annual license fee)

PM	PM_{10}	SO_2	NOx	CO	VOC
1.35	1.35	5.91	5.63	0.38	0.02

III.AMBIENT AIR QUALITY ANALYSIS

According to the Maine Regulations Chapter 115, the level of air quality analyses required for a renewal source shall be determined on a case-by case basis. Based on the above total facility emissions, the Hathaway Building is below the emissions level required for modeling and monitoring.

ORDER

Based on the above Findings and subject to conditions listed below, the Department concludes that the emissions from this source:

- will receive Best Practical Treatment,
- will not violate applicable emission standards, and
- will not violate applicable ambient air quality standards in conjunction with emissions from other sources.

The Department hereby grants Air Emission License A-408-71-F-N subject the following conditions:

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- (1) Employees and authorized representatives of the Department shall be allowed access to the licensee's premises during business hours, or any time during which any emissions units are in operation, and at such other times as the Department deems necessary for the purpose of performing tests, collecting samples, conducting inspections, or examining and copying records relating to emissions (Title 38 MRSA §347-C).
- (2) The licensee shall acquire a new or amended air emission license prior to commencing construction of a modification, unless specifically provided for in Chapter 115. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (3) Approval to construct shall become invalid if the source has not commenced construction within eighteen (18) months after receipt of such approval or if construction is discontinued for a period of eighteen (18) months or more. The Department may extend this time period upon a satisfactory showing that an extension is justified, but may condition such extension upon a review of either

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the control technology analysis or the ambient air quality standards analysis, or both. [MEDEP Chapter 115]

- (4) The licensee shall establish and maintain a continuing program of best management practices for suppression of fugitive particulate matter during any period of construction, reconstruction, or operation which may result in fugitive dust, and shall submit a description of the program to the Department upon request. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (5) The licensee shall pay the annual air emission license fee to the Department, calculated pursuant to Title 38 M.R.S.A. §353. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (6) The license does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (7) The licensee shall maintain and operate all emission units and air pollution systems required by the air emission license in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (8) The licensee shall maintain sufficient records to accurately document compliance with emission standards and license conditions and shall maintain such records for a minimum of six (6) years. The records shall be submitted to the Department upon written request. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (9) The licensee shall comply with all terms and conditions of the air emission license. The filing of an appeal by the licensee, the notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance by the licensee, or the filing of an application by the licensee for a renewal of a license or amendment shall not stay any condition of the license. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (10) The licensee may not use as a defense in an enforcement action that the disruption, cessation, or reduction of licensed operations would have been necessary in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the air emission license. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (11) In accordance with the Department's air emission compliance test protocol and 40 CFR Part 60 or other method approved or required by the Department, the licensee shall:
 - A. perform stack testing to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission standards under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions:
 - 1. within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of a notification to test from the Department or EPA, if visible emissions, equipment operating parameters, staff inspection, air monitoring or other cause indicate to the Department

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that equipment may be operating out of compliance with emission standards or license conditions; or

2. pursuant to any other requirement of this license to perform stack testing.

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- B. install or make provisions to install test ports that meet the criteria of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, and test platforms, if necessary, and other accommodations necessary to allow emission testing; and
- C. submit a written report to the Department within thirty (30) days from date of test completion.

[MEDEP Chapter 115]

- (12) If the results of a stack test performed under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions indicate emissions in excess of the applicable standards, then:
 - A. within thirty (30) days following receipt of such test results, the licensee shall re-test the non-complying emission source under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions and in accordance with the Department's air emission compliance test protocol and 40 CFR Part 60 or other method approved or required by the Department; and
 - B. the days of violation shall be presumed to include the date of stack test and each and every day of operation thereafter until compliance is demonstrated under normal and representative process and operating conditions, except to the extent that the facility can prove to the satisfaction of the Department that there were intervening days during which no violation occurred or that the violation was not continuing in nature; and
 - C. the licensee may, upon the approval of the Department following the successful demonstration of compliance at alternative load conditions, operate under such alternative load conditions on an interim basis prior to a demonstration of compliance under normal and representative process and operating conditions.

[MEDEP Chapter 115]

- (13) Notwithstanding any other provisions in the State Implementation Plan approved by the EPA or Section 114(a) of the CAA, any credible evidence may be used for the purpose of establishing whether a person has violated or is in violation of any statute, regulation, or Part 70 license requirement. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (14) The licensee shall maintain records of malfunctions, failures, downtime, and any other similar change in operation of air pollution control systems or the emissions unit itself that would affect emission and that is not consistent with the terms and conditions of the air emission license. The licensee shall notify the Department within two (2) days or the next state working day, whichever is later, of such occasions where such changes result in an increase of emissions. The licensee shall report all excess emissions in the units of the applicable emission limitation. [MEDEP Chapter 115]

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(15) Upon written request from the Department, the licensee shall establish and maintain such records, make such reports, install, use and maintain such monitoring equipment, sample such emissions (in accordance with such methods, at such locations, at such intervals, and in such a manner as the Department shall prescribe), and provide other information as the Department may reasonably require to determine the licensee's compliance status. [MEDEP Chapter 115]

SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

(16) **Boilers #1, #2 and #3**

- A. Total fuel use for Boilers #1, #2 and #3 shall not exceed 150,000 gal/year of #6 fuel oil with a maximum sulfur content not to exceed 0.5% by weight. Compliance shall be demonstrated by fuel receipts from the supplier showing the quantity of fuel delivered and the percent sulfur of the fuel. Records of annual fuel use shall be kept on a 12-month rolling total basis. [MEDEP Chapter 115, BPT]
- B. Emissions shall not exceed the following:

Emission Unit	Pollutant	lb/MMBtu	Origin and Authority	
Boiler #1	PM	0.12	MEDEP, Chapter 103,	
			Section 2(B)(1)(a)	
Boiler #2	PM	0.12	MEDEP, Chapter 103,	
			Section 2(B)(1)(a)	

C. Emissions shall not exceed the following [MEDEP Chapter 115, BPT]:

Emission Unit	PM (lb/hr)	PM ₁₀ (lb/hr)	SO ₂ (lb/hr)	NOx (lb/hr)	CO (lb/hr)	VOC (lb/hr)
Boiler #1	1.62	1.62	7.10	6.75	0.45	0.03
Boiler #2	1.62	1.62	7.10	6.75	0.45	0.03
Boiler #3	0.21	0.21	0.90	0.85	0.06	0.02

Compliance shall be demonstrated upon request of the Department through stack testing in accordance with the appropriate method found in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A.

D. Visible emissions from each of Boilers #1, #2 and #3 shall not exceed 30% opacity on a 6-minute block average, except for no more than two 6-minute block averages in a 3-hour period. [MEDEP Chapter 101]

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(17) The Hathaway Building shall notify the Department within 48 hours and submit a report to the Department on a <u>quarterly basis</u> if a malfunction or breakdown in any component causes a violation of any emission standard (Title 38 MRSA §605).

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(18) **Payment of Annual License Fee**

This Order prepared by Rachel E. Pilling, Bureau of Air Quality.

The Hathaway Building shall pay the annual air emission license fee within 30 days of September 30 of each year. Pursuant to 38 MRSA 353-A, failure to pay this annual fee in the stated timeframe is sufficient grounds for revocation of the license under 38 MRSA 341-D, subsection 3.

DONE AND DATED IN AUGUSTA, MAINE THIS DAY OF	2004.
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	
BY: DAWN R. GALLAGHER, COMMISSIONER	
The term of this license shall be five (5) years from the signature	date above.
PLEASE NOTE ATTACHED SHEET FOR GUIDANCE ON APPEAL PROCED	DURES
Date of initial receipt of application: February 19, 2004 Date of application acceptance: March 9, 2004	
Date filed with the Board of Environmental Protection:	